

《西游记》

*Journey to the
West, Monkey*

Xuan
Zang,
the
Tang
Dynasty
monk



Map of the Travels of Xuanzang (629 AD - 645 AD) Journey to the West

This Schematic Map shows the entire "Journey to the West" as made by the Chinese Monk Xuanzang (Hsüan-tsang) on the **Silk Road** in the years 629 AD to 645 AD.

The Path of the Journey to India led through China, **Kyrgyzstan**, **Uzbekistan**, **Tajikistan**, Afghanistan, **Pakistan** and India. The Return Journey led through current day **Pakistan** and Afghanistan to reach **Kashgar** in current day **Xinjiang-Uyghur Autonomous Region of China**.

Because the (Han) Chinese Cultural Zone during the **Tang Dynasty Era** only reached as far as **Dunhuang**, where the **Great Wall of China** began, Xuanzang had to travel south-east from **Kashgar** via Yarkant and **Hotien (Khotan)** along the South Route around the Taklamakan Desert to finally return to his native **China** in 645 AD. Xuanzang died in 661 AD.

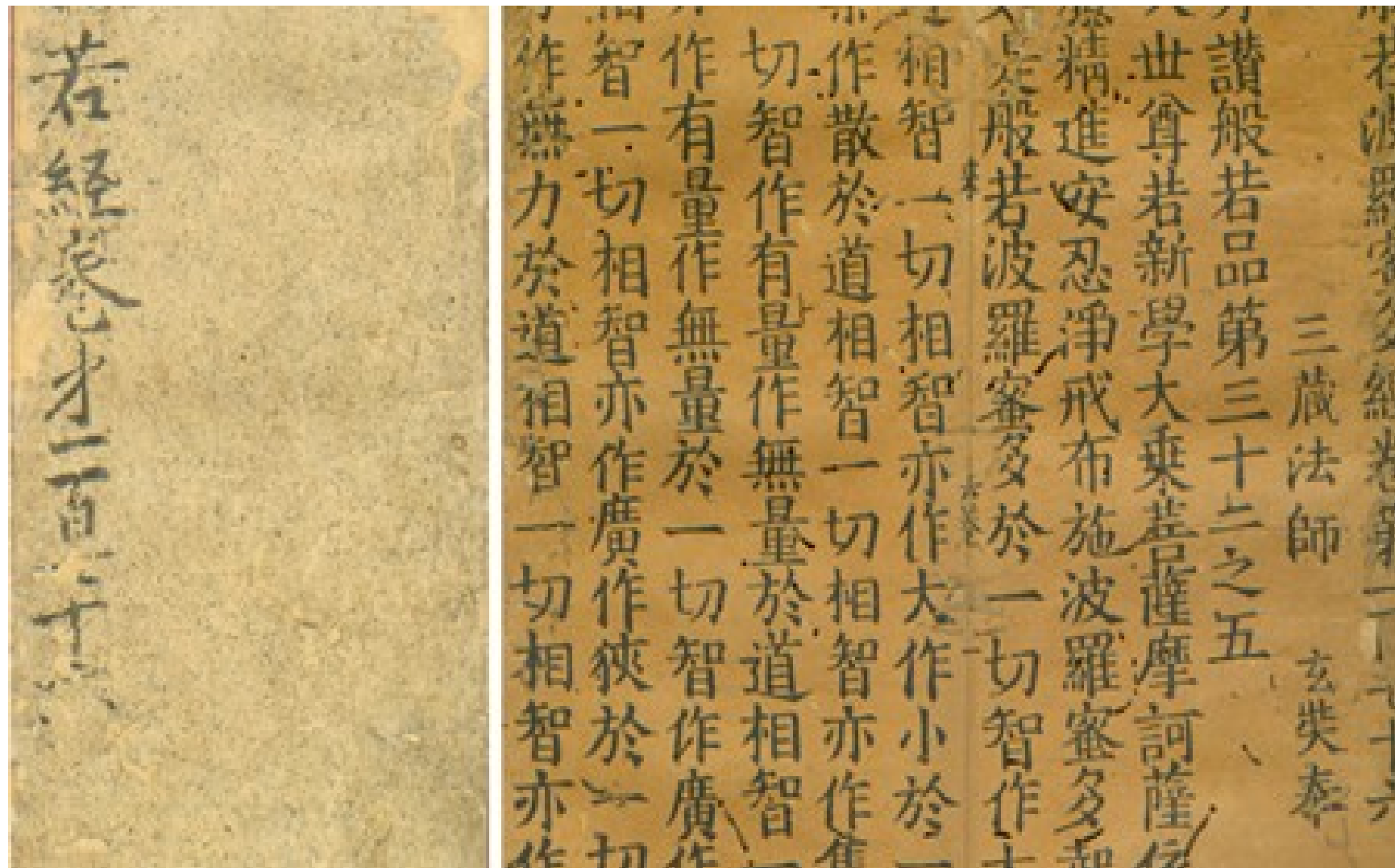
EAST

OR

WEST?



Perfection of Wisdom Sutra





百圖像

孫行者

卷首

四七

分明一味水中金
御靈根天地心八卦
紅爐烹煉過不生不
滅鬼神欽



How did a monk end up as a cartoon?





中國動畫經典
金猴降妖

改編自《西遊記》正打倒管
一統天下時，各方色妖
，如夜叉、牛、猴、
人、妖怪的妖魔鬼怪。

中國大陸第六屆電影“金雞獎”最佳美術片獎、最佳攝影獎、1983年優秀影片獎
1983年法國布魯塞爾國際文化節獲頒最高榮譽電影獎章及法國大專獎
1983年第六屆亞非拉國際兒童電影節獲頒最佳影片一等獎

